

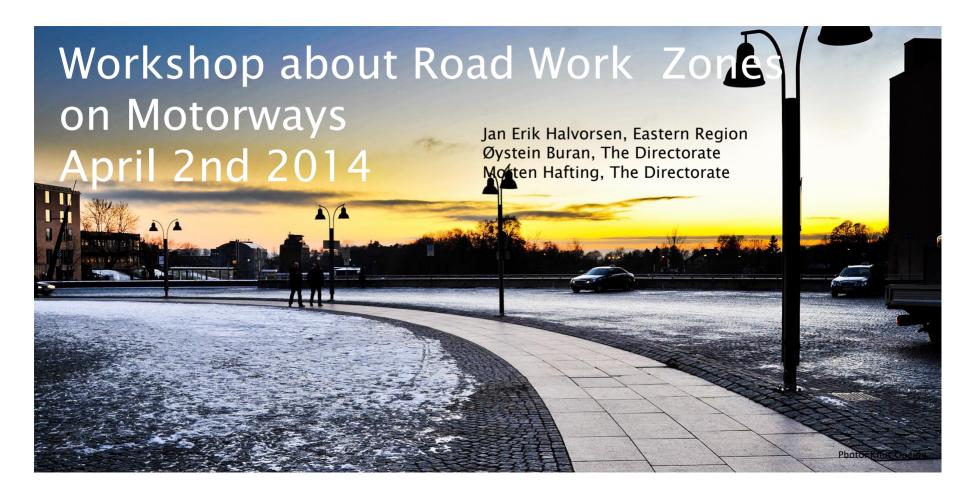


Getting there safely together

The Norwegian Public Roads Administration

02.042014

Norwegian Public Roads Administration - Getting there safely together





Vadsø

We are where the people are

Organised by region

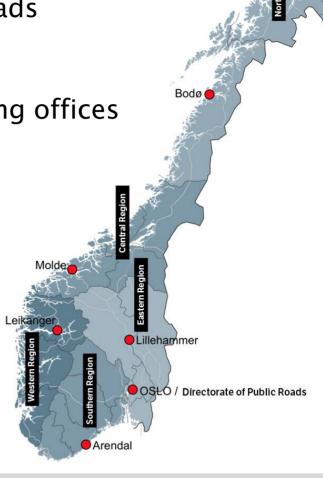
The Directorate of Public Roads

Five regions

72 driver and vehicle licensing offices

6,500 employees

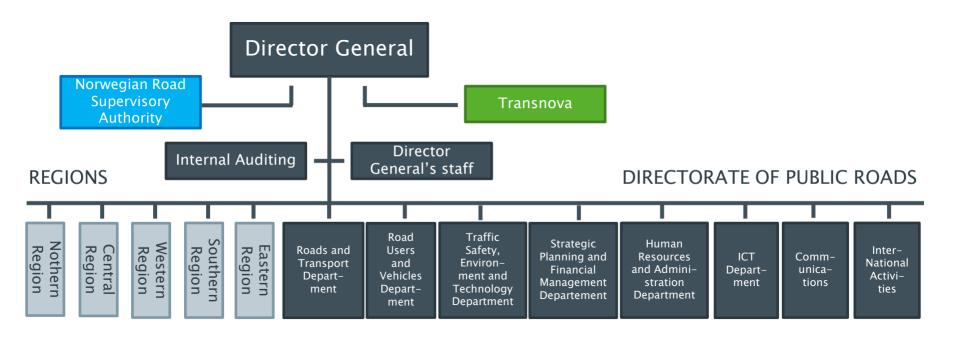






Our structure

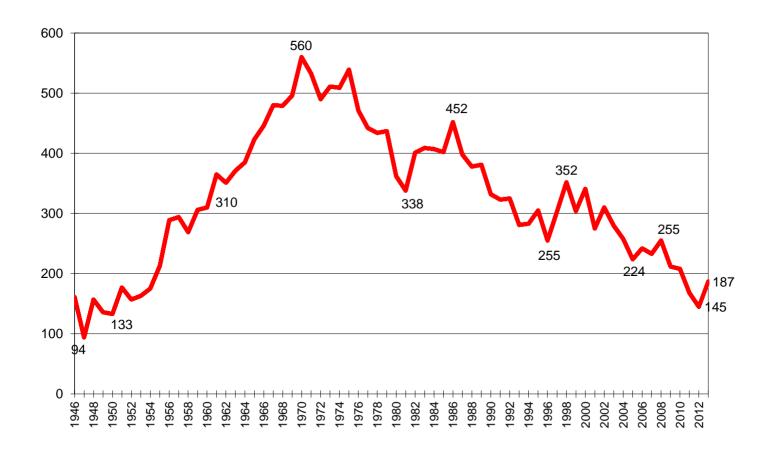
Organisation chart for the Norwegian Public Roads Administration





Vision Zero for traffic safety - no fatalities or serious injuries

Road safety





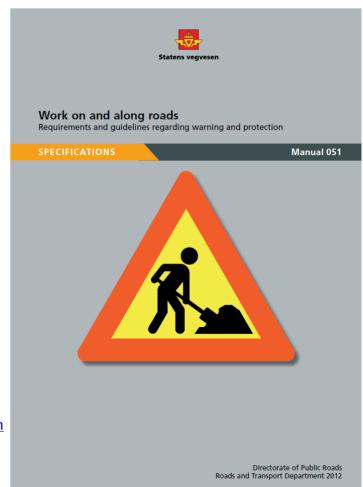


Work on and along roads

Requirements and guidelines

Manual 051 Work on and along roads

- Manual 062 Traffic safety equipment (Trafikksikkerhetsutstyr).
- Manual 231 Guardrails (Rekkverk)
- http://www.vegvesen.no/en/Professional/Publications/Handbooks
- http://www.vegvesen.no/_attachment/301427/binary/528572?fast_title=Manual+051+Work+on+and+along+roads.pdf



Contents

Statens vegvesen

0	Introduction			
	0.1	The purpose of roadwork safety	11	
	0.2	Key definitions	13	
1.	Acts	s and regulations	15	
		Overview	15	
	1.2	The Road Traffic Act with regulations	16	
		1.2.1 The Road Traffic Act	16	
		1.2.2 The Traffic Rules	17	
		1.2.3 The Road Sign Regulations – general provisions	18	
		1.2.4 The Road Sign Regulations – special provisions for roadworks	24	
	1.3	The Public Roads Act	30	
		1.3.1 The road authority	30	
		1.3.2 Permission for work on or along roads	30	
		1.3.3 Remedial costs	31	
		The Working Environment Act with regulations	31	
	1.5	Other general provisions	35	
2.	Planning and execution			
	2.1	The second	39	
	2.2	Preparation of roadwork safety plans	39	
		2.2.1 Who should prepare roadwork safety plans?	39	
		2.2.2 Risk assessment	40	
		2.2.3 Content of roadwork safety plans	41	
		2.2.4 General roadwork safety plans	42	
		2.2.5 Enterprise with responsibility for carrying out and following up		
		roadwork safety (safety enterprise)	43	
		2.2.6 Contact between applicant and sign authority	44	
	2.3	Approval and decisions	44	
		2.3.1 Approval of roadwork safety plan	44	
		2.3.2 Special decisions regarding traffic regulating signs etc.	45	
	2.4	2.3.3 Contact between sign authority and other authorities	46	
		Information about road work	47	
		Execution of the roadwork safety plan	49	
	2.6	General requirements regarding safety and ease of passage	50	
		2.6.1 Lighting	50	
		2.6.2 Pedestrians and cyclists	50	
		2.6.3 The work site	51	
		2.6.4 Lane widths	52	
		2.6.5 Traffic flow 2.6.6 Work in tunnels	53	
	27	2.6.6 Work in tunnels Sanctions	54 54	
	2.1	Sauctions	54	

War	ning					
3.1	Road	Road traffic signs, general				
	3.1.1	Size, design and quality				
	3.1.2	Placement of road traffic signs				
	3.1.3	Altering, covering, removal of signs				
3.2	The individual road traffic signs:					
	3.2.1	Hazard signs				
	3.2.2	Duty to yield/give way and priority signs				
	3.2.3	Prohibitory signs				
	3.2.4	Mandatory signs				
	3.2.5	Information signs				
	3.2.6	Supplementary plates				
	3.2.7	Deviation of route signs				
	3.2.8	Traffic cones and traffic cylinders				
	3.2.9	Directional signs				
		Road markings				
3.4	Traffic light signals					
		Roadworks near permanent traffic signal systems				
		Temporary signal system for crossing traffic				
		Temporary shuttle signal systems				
		Flashing yellow signal				
		Light arrows				
3.5	Manual traffic control					
		What is considered manual traffic control?				
		Requirements for persons who direct traffic manually				
		Use of convoy escort vehicles				
		ination of warning equipment				
3.7		ng of personnel, machines, containers etc.				
		Personal protective equipment				
		Marking of construction machinery etc.				
		Marking and placement of containers and similar on public roads				
3.8	Warni	ng of vehicle rescue				
	ection					
4.0						
4.1	Transverse protection against traffic					

4.

Longitudinal protection against traffic Protection against pedestrians and cyclists

Statens vegvesen





Appendix 1:	Inspections	127
Appendix 2:	Training	129
Appendix 3:	Examples	138
Appendix 4:	Important changes in this edition of Manual 051	139



Norwegian Public Roads Administration

Planning and execution

- Application for Roadwork Safety Plan
 - by adequate expertise
- Approval by Sign authority
 - (NPRA-state road)
 - (municipal municipal road)



Norwegian Public Roads Administration

Planning and execution

- Application for Roadwork Safety Plan
 - Include:
 - Risk assessment,
 - Sign plan (warning plan)
 - Protection plan
 - Rules of the roadwork (special rules)



Norwegian Public Roads Administration

Planning and execution

The roadwork safety plan depends on several matters:

- Long-term work
- Short–term work
- Mobile work

The roadwork safety plan should be a result of the risk assessment.



Basic philosophy for traffic management in work zones on motorways,

Avoid accidents (Risk assessment)

- Keep capacity work during night and «quiet times»
 - (avoid rush hour, summer traffic etc)
- Close one or both direction and use detour



How do we warn the drivers about the road work?

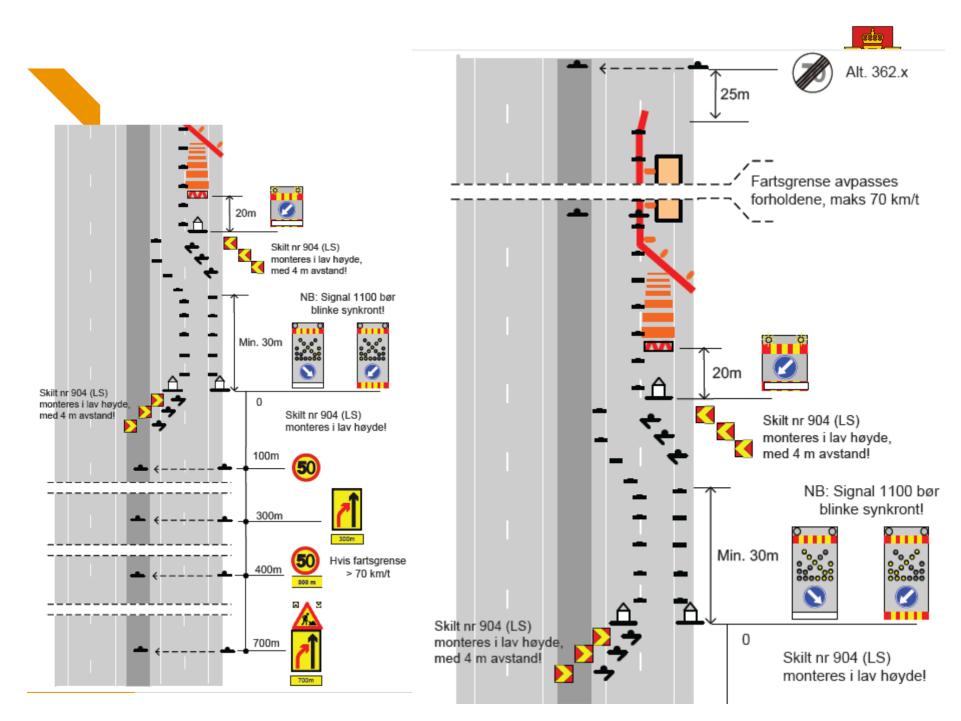
- Information sign (WMS)
- Sign
- Sign on vehicle/warning panels
- Media
- Road Traffic Management Centre
- Navigation
- Internet



How do we protect the drivers and the workers when accidents happen? How do we guide the drivers safe and secure through the work zone?

- Protection
 - Transverse protection
 - Longitudinal protection

Energy absorbing equipment





What do we know about traffic accidents at road work zones?

- And what about all the "almost accidents"...
 - can we keep learning and "bee in front"
- Often high consequence when something happens (speed, heavy vehicle)
- But so far, the biggest challenge is not on motorways
- So far, most focus on accidents in ordinary traffic but focus are increasing regards Road Work.



- Analysis of 23 fatal accidents (2005-2009)
- Pedestrians and cyclists most at risk
- 15 Heavy vehicles involved
- 5 of the dead, children under 16

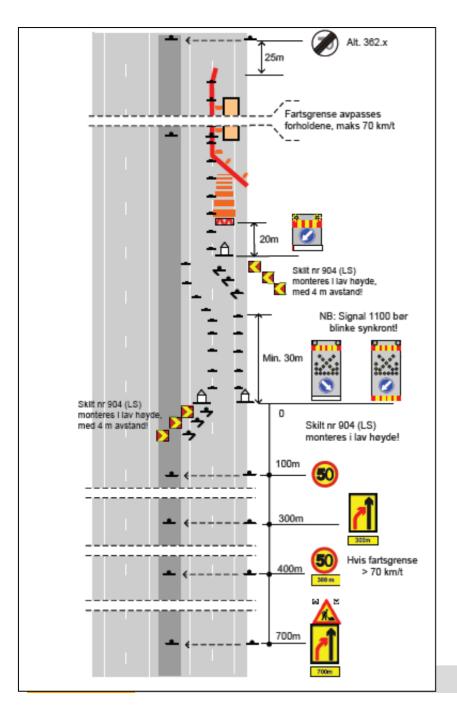


02.042014 Norwegian



Transition zones, moving traffic to the opposite part of the motorway, speed and design?

- «S» curve
- Form a port
- Decrease lane width (corridor)







Using ITS and VMS, how is the experience by using permanent systems and movable systems. Movable system

- Not much experience with movable systems
- Some suppliers are eager (- but small market ?)

Permanent system

- VMS are frequently in use (more and more- also for other purposes)
- Tunnel lane signal, speed limit etc



Ongoing research?

Not much at the moment...

Focus on (not specially for motorway – in general)

- Protection (rails and energy absorbing)
 - Correct use
 - Alternative use
- Revises training system and qualification requirements